2017
Fifth Edition

Profiles of Florida

A UNIVERSAL REFERENCE BOOK

Grey House Publishing
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Introduction

This is the fifth edition of Profiles of Florida—Facts, Figures & Statistics for 990 Populated Places in Florida. As with the other titles in our State Profiles series, it was built with content from Grey House Publishing’s award-winning Profiles of America—a 4-volume compilation of data on more than 43,000 places in the United States. We have included the Florida chapter from Profiles of America, and added several new chapters of demographic information and ranking sections, so that Profiles of Florida is the most comprehensive portrait of the state of Florida ever published.

Profiles of Florida provides data on all populated communities and counties in the state of Florida for which the US Census provides individual statistics. This edition also includes profiles of 73 unincorporated places based on US Census data by zip code.

This premier reference work includes five major sections that cover everything from Education to Ethnic Backgrounds to Climate. All sections include Comparative Statistics or Rankings. A section called About Florida at the front of the book includes detailed narrative and colorful photos and maps. Here is an overview of each section:

1. About Florida
This 4-color section gives the researcher a real sense of the state and its history. It includes a Photo Gallery, and comprehensive sections on Florida’s History and Government, Timeline of Florida History, Land and Natural Resources, Florida Energy Profile and Demographic Maps. These 43 pages, with the help of photos, maps and charts, anchor the researcher to the state, both physically and politically.

2. Profiles
This section, organized by county, gives detailed profiles of 990 places plus 67 counties, based on Census 2010 and data from the 2011-2015 American Community Survey. In addition, we have added current government statistics and original research, so that these profiles pull together statistical and descriptive information on every Census-recognized place in the state. Major fields of information include:

- Geography
- Housing
- Education
- Religion
- Ancestry
- Transportation
- Population
- Climate
- Economy
- Industry
- Health

Categories NEW to this edition include public and private health insurance, dentists per capita, selected monthly owner costs, language spoken at home, people with disabilities, and veterans. In addition to place and county profiles, this section includes a Place Name Index.

3. Comparative Statistics
This section includes tables that compare Florida’s 100 largest incorporated communities by dozens of data points.

4. Community Rankings
This section includes tables that rank the top 150 and bottom 150 incorporated communities with population over 2,500, in dozens of categories.

5. Education
This section begins with an Educational State Profile, summarizing number of schools, students, diplomas granted and educational dollars spent. Following the state profile are School District Rankings on 16 topics ranging from Student/Teacher Ratios to Current Expenditures per Student. Following these rankings are statewide National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) results and data from the Florida Standards Assessments (FSA)—an overview of student performance by subject, including easy-to-read charts and graphs.

6. Ancestry and Ethnicity
This section provides a detailed look at the ancestral, Hispanic and racial makeup of Florida’s 200+ ethnic
categories. Profiles are included for the state, for all 67 counties, and for all places with 50,000 or more residents. In the ranking section, data is displayed three ways: 1) by number, based on all places regardless of population; 2) by percent, based on all places regardless of population; 3) by percent, based on places with populations of 50,000 or more. You will discover, for example, that Cutler Bay has the greatest number of Jordanians in the state (262), and that 33.8% of the population of Garcon Point are of Dutch ancestry.

7. Climate
This section includes a State Summary, three colorful maps and profiles of both National and Cooperative Weather Stations. In addition, you’ll find Weather Station Rankings with hundreds of interesting details, such as Chipley 3E reporting the lowest annual extreme minimum temperatures (2º F) and Ft. Lauderdale reporting the highest annual precipitation (65.8 inches)

This section also includes Significant Storm Event data from January 2000 through December 2009. Here you will learn that Hurricane Charley caused $5.4 billion in property damage in southwest and west central Florida in August 2004 and that a F3 tornado was responsible for 13 deaths in Lake County in February 2007.

Note: The extensive User Guide that follows this introduction is segmented into four sections and examines, in some detail, each data field in the individual profiles and comparative sections for all chapters. It provides sources for all data points and statistical definitions as necessary.
Profile Section

Places Covered

All 67 counties.

410 incorporated municipalities and minor civil divisions. Comprised of 267 cities, 124 towns, and 19 villages.

507 Census Designated Places (CDP). The U.S. Bureau of the Census defines a CDP as "a statistical entity, defined for each decennial census according to Census Bureau guidelines, comprising a densely settled concentration of population that is not within an incorporated place, but is locally identified by a name. CDPs are delineated cooperatively by state and local officials and the Census Bureau, following Census Bureau guidelines.

73 unincorporated communities. The communities included have statistics for their ZIP Code Tabulation Area (ZCTA) available from the Census Bureau. They are referred to as "postal areas." A ZCTA is a statistical entity developed by the Census Bureau to approximate the delivery area for a US Postal Service 5-digit or 3-digit ZIP Code in the US and Puerto Rico. A ZCTA is an aggregation of census blocks that have the same predominant ZIP Code associated with the mailing addresses in the Census Bureau’s Master Address File. Thus, the Postal Service’s delivery areas have been adjusted to encompass whole census blocks so that the Census Bureau can tabulate census data for the ZCTAs. ZCTAs do not include all ZIP Codes used for mail delivery and therefore do not precisely depict the area within which mail deliveries associated with that ZIP Code occur. Additionally, some areas that are known by a unique name, although they are part of a larger incorporated place, are also included as "postal areas."

For a more in-depth discussion of geographic areas, please refer to the Census Bureau’s Geographic Areas Reference Manual at http://www.census.gov/geo/www/garm.html.

IMPORTANT NOTES

- Profiles of Florida uses the term "community" to refer to all places except counties. The term "county" is used to refer to counties and county-equivalents. All places are defined as of the 2010 Census.
- In each community profile, only school districts that have schools that are physically located within the community are shown. In addition, statistics for each school district cover the entire district, regardless of the physical location of the schools within the district.
- Special care should be taken when interpreting certain statistics for communities containing large colleges or universities. College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college (as they have been since the 1950 census). One effect this may have is skewing the figures for population, income, housing, and educational attainment.
- Some information (e.g. unemployment rates) is available for both counties and individual communities. Other information is available for just counties (e.g. election results), or just individual communities (e.g. local newspapers).
- Some statistical information is available only for larger communities. In addition, the larger places are more apt to have services such as airports, hospitals, colleges, etc.
- For the most complete information on any community, you should also check the entry for the county in which the community is located. In addition, more information and services will be listed under the larger places in the county.
Data Explanation and Sources—County Profiles

PHYSICAL AND GEOGRAPHICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Physical Location: Describes the physical location of the county. Source: Columbia University Press, The Columbia Gazetteer of North America and original research.

Land and Water Area: Land and water area in square miles. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2010

Latitude and Longitude: Latitude and longitude in degrees. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2010

Time Zone: Lists the time zone. Source: Original research

Year Organized: Year the county government was organized. Source: National Association of Counties

County Seat: Lists the county seat. If a county has more than one seat, then both are listed. Source: National Association of Counties

Metropolitan Area: Indicates the metropolitan area the county is located in. Also lists all the component counties of that metropolitan area. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) defines metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. The most current definitions are as of February 2013. Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Climate: Includes all weather stations located within the county. Indicates the station name and elevation as well as the monthly average high and low temperatures, average precipitation, and average snowfall. The period of record is generally 1980-2009, however, certain weather stations contain averages going back as far as 1900. Source: Grey House Publishing, Weather America: A Thirty-Year Summary of Statistical Weather Data and Rankings, 2010

POPULATION


Race/Hispanic Origin: Figures include the U.S. Census Bureau categories of White alone; Black/African American alone; Asian alone; American Indian/Alaska Native alone; Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander alone; two or more races; and Hispanic of any race. Alone refers to the fact that these figures are not in combination with any other race. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates

The concept of race, as used by the Census Bureau, reflects self-identification by people according to the race or races with which they most closely identify. These categories are socio-political constructs and should not be interpreted as being scientific or anthropological in nature. Furthermore, the race categories include both racial and national-origin groups.

- **White.** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. It includes people who indicated their race(s) as "White" or reported entries such as Irish, German, Italian, Lebanese, Arab, Moroccan, or Caucasian.

- **Black/African American.** A person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa. It includes people who indicated their race(s) as "Black, African Am., or Negro" or reported entries such as African American, Kenyan, Nigerian, or Haitian.

- **Asian.** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam. It includes people who indicated their race(s) as "Asian Indian," "Chinese," "Filipino," "Korean," "Japanese," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian" or provided other detailed Asian responses.

- **American Indian/Alaska Native.** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and who maintains tribal affiliation or community attachment. This category includes people who indicated their race(s) as "American Indian or Alaska Native" or
reported their enrolled or principal tribe, such as Navajo, Blackfeet, Inupiat, Yup'ik, or Central American Indian groups or South American Indian groups.

- **Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander.** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands. It includes people who indicated their race(s) as “Pacific Islander” or reported entries such as “Native Hawaiian,” “Guamanian or Chamorro,” “Samoan,” and “Other Pacific Islander” or provided other detailed Pacific Islander responses.

- **Two or More Races.** People may choose to provide two or more races either by checking two or more race response check boxes, by providing multiple responses, or by some combination of check boxes and other responses. The race response categories shown on the questionnaire are collapsed into the five minimum race groups identified by OMB, and the Census Bureau’s “Some Other Race” category.

- **Hispanic.** The data on the Hispanic or Latino population were derived from answers to a question that was asked of all people. The terms “Spanish,” “Hispanic origin,” and “Latino” are used interchangeably. Some respondents identify with all three terms while others may identify with only one of these three specific terms. Hispanics or Latinos who identify with the terms “Spanish,” “Hispanic,” or “Latino” are those who classify themselves in one of the specific Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino categories listed on the questionnaire (“Mexican,” “Puerto Rican,” or “Cuban”) as well as those who indicate that they are “other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.” People who do not identify with one of the specific origins listed on the questionnaire but indicate that they are “other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino” are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, the Dominican Republic, or people identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. All write-in responses to the “other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino” category were coded. Origin can be viewed as the heritage, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person’s parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. People who identify their origin as Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino may be of any race.

**Average Household Size:** Number of persons in the average household. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

**Median Age:** Median age of the population. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

**Age Under 18:** Percent of the total population under 18 years old. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

**Age 65 and Over:** Percent of the total population age 65 and over. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

**Males per 100 Females:** Number of males per 100 females. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

**Marital Status:** Percentage of population never married, now married, separated, widowed, or divorced. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Data on marital status are tabulated only for the population 15 years old and over. Each person was asked whether they were “Now married,” “Widowed,” “Separated,” “Divorced,” or “Never married.” Couples who live together (for example, people in common-law marriages) were able to report the marital status they considered to be the most appropriate.

- **Never married.** Never married includes all people who have never been married, including people whose only marriage(s) was annulled.
- **Now married.** All people whose current marriage has not ended by widowhood or divorce. This category includes people defined as “separated.”
- **Separated.** Includes people legally separated or otherwise absent from their spouse because of marital discord. Those without a final divorce decree are classified as “separated.” This category also includes people who have been deserted or who have parted because they no longer want to live together, but who have not obtained a divorce.
- **Widowed.** This category includes widows and widowers who have not remarried.
- **Divorced.** This category includes people who are legally divorced and who have not remarried.
Foreign Born: Percentage of population who were not U.S. citizens at birth. Foreign-born people are those who indicated they were either a U.S. citizen by naturalization or they were not a citizen of the United States. 

Speak English Only: Percent of population that reported speaking only English at home. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates

With Disability: Percent of the civilian noninstitutionalized population that reported having a disability. Disability status is determined from from six types of difficulty: vision, hearing, cognitive, ambulatory, self-care, and independent living. For children under 5 years old, hearing and vision difficulty are used to determine disability status. For children between the ages of 5 and 14, disability status is determined from hearing, vision, cognitive, ambulatory, and self-care difficulties. For people aged 15 years and older, they are considered to have a disability if they have difficulty with any one of the six difficulty types. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates

Veterans: Percent of the civilian population 18 years and over who have served (even for a short time), but are not currently serving, on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or the Coast Guard, or who served in the U.S. Merchant Marine during World War II. People who served in the National Guard or Reserves are classified as veterans only if they were ever called or ordered to active duty, not counting the 4-6 months for initial training or yearly summer camps. All other civilians are classified as nonveterans. Note: While it is possible for 17 year olds to be veterans of the Armed Forces, ACS data products are restricted to the population 18 years and older. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates

Ancestry: Largest ancestry groups reported (up to five). The data includes persons who report multiple ancestries. For example, if a person reported being Irish and Italian, they would be included in both categories. Thus, the sum of the percentages may be greater than 100%. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates

The data represent self-classification by people according to the ancestry group or groups with which they most closely identify. Ancestry refers to a person’s ethnic origin or descent, “roots,” heritage, or the place of birth of the person, the person’s parents, or their ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Some ethnic identities, such as Egyptian or Polish, can be traced to geographic areas outside the United States, while other ethnicities such as Pennsylvania German or Cajun evolved in the United States.

The ancestry question was intended to provide data for groups that were not included in the Hispanic origin and race questions. Therefore, although data on all groups are collected, the ancestry data shown in these tabulations are for non-Hispanic and non-race groups. See Race/Hispanic Origin for information on Hispanic and race groups.

RELIGION

Religion: Lists the largest religious groups (up to six) based on the number of adherents divided by the population of the county. Adherents are defined as “all members, including full members, their children and the estimated number of other regular participants who are not considered as communicant, confirmed or full members.” Source: American Religious Bodies, 2010 U.S. Religion Census: Religious Congregations & Membership Study

ECONOMY

Unemployment Rate: Unemployment rate as of October 2016. Includes all civilians age 16 or over who were unemployed and looking for work. Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

Leading Industries: Lists the three leading industries (excluding government) based on the number of establishments. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, County Business Patterns 2014

Farms: The total number of farms and the total acreage they occupy. Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, National Agricultural Statistics Service, 2012 Census of Agriculture

Company Size: The numbers of companies at various employee headcounts. Includes private employers only. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, County Business Patterns 2014

• Employ 1,000 or more persons. The numbers of companies that employ 1,000 or more persons.
• Employ 500-999 persons. The numbers of companies that employ 500 to 999 persons.
• **Employ 100-499 persons.** The numbers of companies that employ 100 to 499 persons.

• **Employ 1-99 persons.** The numbers of companies that employ 1 to 99 persons.

**Business Ownership:** Number of businesses that are majority-owned by women or various minority groups. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012 Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners*

- **Women-Owned.** Number of businesses that are majority-owned by a woman. Majority ownership is defined as having 51 percent or more of the stock or equity in the business.
- **Black-Owned.** Number of businesses that are majority-owned by a Black or African American person(s). Majority ownership is defined as having 51 percent or more of the stock or equity in the business. Black or African American is defined as a person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa, including those who consider themselves to be “Haitian.”
- **Asian-Owned.** Number of businesses that are majority-owned by an Asian person(s). Majority ownership is defined as having 51 percent or more of the stock or equity in the business.
- **American Indian/Alaska Native-Owned.** Number of businesses that are majority-owned by an American Indian or Alaska Native person(s). Majority ownership is defined as having 51 percent or more of the stock or equity in the business.
- **Hispanic-Owned.** Number of businesses that are majority-owned by a person(s) of Hispanic or Latino origin. Majority ownership is defined as having 51 percent or more of the stock or equity in the business. Hispanic or Latino origin is defined as a person of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**EMPLOYMENT**

**Employment by Occupation:** Percentage of the employed civilian population 16 years and over in management, professional, service, sales, farming, construction, and production occupations. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

- **Management, business, and financial occupations include:**
  - Management occupations
  - Business and financial operations occupations

- **Computer, engineering, and science occupations include:**
  - Computer and mathematical occupations
  - Architecture and engineering occupations
  - Life, physical, and social science occupations

- **Education, legal, community service, arts, and media occupations include:**
  - Community and social service occupations
  - Legal occupations
  - Education, training, and library occupations
  - Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations

- **Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations include:**
  - Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations
  - Health technologists and technicians

- **Service occupations include:**
  - Healthcare support occupations
  - Protective service occupations:
    - Fire fighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors
    - Law enforcement workers including supervisors
  - Food preparation and serving related occupations
  - Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations
  - Personal care and service occupations

- **Sales and office occupations include:**
  - Sales and related occupations
  - Office and administrative support occupations
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations include:
- Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations
- Construction and extraction occupations
- Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations

Production, transportation, and material moving occupations include:
- Production occupations
- Transportation occupations
- Material moving occupations

**INCOME**

**Per Capita Income:** Per capita income is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group. Per capita income is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

**Median Household Income:** Includes the income of the householder and all other individuals 15 years old and over in the household, whether they are related to the householder or not. The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median income and one-half above the median. For households, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of households including those with no income. Median income for households is computed on the basis of a standard distribution and is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

**Average Household Income:** Average household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

**Percent of Households with Income of $100,000 or more:** Percent of households with income of $100,000 or more. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

**Poverty Rate:** Percentage of population with income below the poverty level. Based on individuals for whom poverty status is determined. Poverty status was determined for all people except institutionalized people, people in military group quarters, people in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

**EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT**

Figures show the percent of population age 25 and over with the following levels of educational attainment. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

- **High school diploma or higher.** Includes people whose highest degree is a high school diploma or its equivalent (GED), people who attended college but did not receive a degree, and people who received a college, university, or professional degree.
- **Bachelor's degree or higher.** Includes people who received a bachelor's, master's, doctorate, or professional degree.
- **Graduate/professional degree or higher.** Includes people who received a master's, doctorate, or professional degree.

**HOUSING**

**Homeownership Rate:** Percentage of housing units that are owner-occupied. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

**Median Home Value:** Median value in dollars of all owner-occupied housing units as reported by the owner. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*

**Median Year Structure Built:** Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For mobile homes, houseboats, RVs, etc, the manufacturer's model year was assumed to be the year built. The data relate to the number of units built during the specified periods that were still in existence at the time of enumeration. *Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011-2015 Five-Year Estimates*